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BRITISH
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History 12

JANUARY 2003

Course Code = HI

Student Instructions

1. Place the stickers with your Personal Education Number (PEN) in the allotted spaces above. **Under no circumstance is your name or identification, other than your Personal Education Number, to appear on this booklet.**
2. Ensure that in addition to this examination booklet, you have an **Examination Response Form**. Follow the directions on the front of the Response Form.
3. **Disqualification** from the examination will result if you bring books, paper, notes or unauthorized electronic devices into the examination room.
4. When instructed to open this booklet, **check the numbering of the pages** to ensure that they are numbered in sequence from page one to the last page, which is identified by **END OF EXAMINATION**.
5. At the end of the examination, place your Response Form inside the front cover of this booklet and return the booklet and your Response Form to the supervisor.

Score only **three**
of the following
six questions:

Score the
evidence question:

Question 1:
1. .
(7)

Question 7:
7. .
(14)

Question 2:
2. .
(7)

Score only **one** of
the following two
essay questions:

Question 3:
3. .
(7)

Question 8:
Topic 1
8. .
(15)

Question 4:
4. .
(7)

Question 8:
Topic 2
9. .
(15)

Question 5:
5. .
(7)

Question 6:
6. .
(7)

HISTORY 12

JANUARY 2003

COURSE CODE = HI

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

1. Electronic devices, including dictionaries and pagers, are **not** permitted in the examination room.
2. All multiple-choice answers must be entered on the Response Form using an **HB pencil**. Multiple-choice answers entered in this examination booklet will **not** be marked.
3. For each of the written-response questions, write your answer in **ink** in the space provided in this booklet.
4. Ensure that you use language and content appropriate to the purpose and audience of this examination. Failure to comply may result in your paper being awarded a zero.
5. This examination is designed to be completed in **two hours**. *Students may, however, take up to 30 minutes of additional time to finish.*

HISTORY 12 PROVINCIAL EXAMINATION

	Value	Suggested Time
This examination consists of four parts:		
PART A: 40 multiple-choice questions	40	30
PART B: 3 written-response questions		
• Select and respond to all parts of one question from SECTION 1.	7	12
• Select and respond to all parts of one question from SECTION 2.	7	12
• Select and respond to all parts of one question from SECTION 3.	7	12
PART C: Evidence question	14	24
• Respond to all parts .		
PART D: Essay question	15	30
• Select and respond to one topic.		
Total:	90 marks	120 minutes

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PART A: MULTIPLE CHOICE

Value: 40 marks

Suggested Time: 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS: For each question, select the **best** answer and record your choice on the Response Form provided. Using an HB pencil, completely fill in the circle that has the letter corresponding to your answer.

1. The League of Nations was established to
 - A. promote collective security.
 - B. encourage economic integration.
 - C. support democratic governments.
 - D. enforce the terms of the Paris Peace Treaties.

2. Following his return to Russia in 1917 Lenin demanded
 - A. the continuation of the war.
 - B. the transfer of power to the soviets.
 - C. privatization of businesses and banks.
 - D. cooperation with the Provisional Government.

Use the following map to answer question 3.



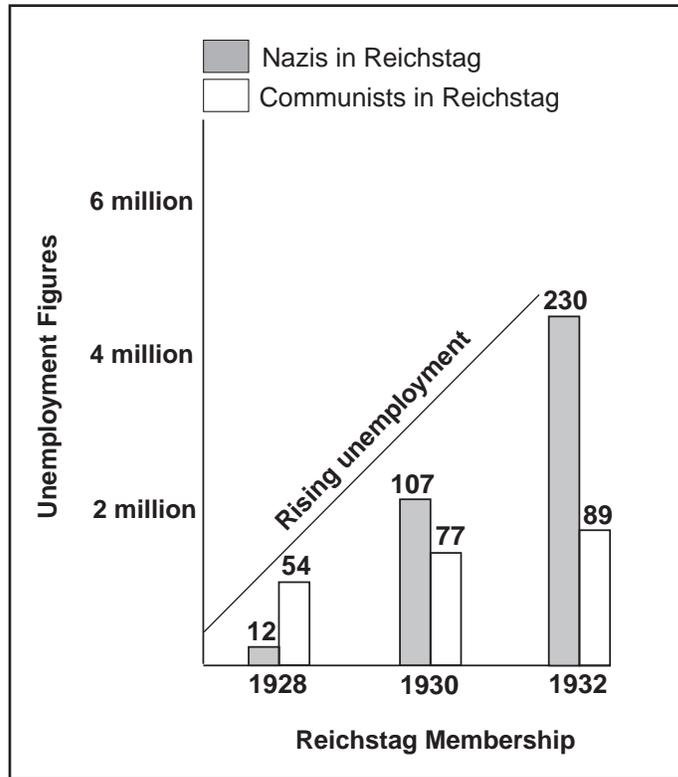
The Middle East 1920

3. As a result of the Paris Peace Conference the lined areas were
- A. returned to French control.
 - B. granted national self-determination.
 - C. made mandates of the League of Nations.
 - D. denied independence from the Turkish Empire.

-
4. Which of the following ideals is characteristic of fascism?
- A. equality of wealth
 - B. a classless society
 - C. an independent judicial system
 - D. the superiority of action over thought

5. The action which ended the chances of cooperation between the British government and Indian nationalist leaders was the
- A. massacre of unarmed civilians at Amritsar.
 - B. boycott on imports of cotton cloth from English factories.
 - C. withdrawal of the Muslim leaders from the Congress Party.
 - D. refusal of Indians to accept the terms of the Treaty of Versailles.
6. The aim of the Comintern was to
- A. collectivize the land.
 - B. expand the Soviet economy.
 - C. prepare the U.S.S.R. for war.
 - D. promote international communism.
7. At the end of the First World War the British government was committed to supporting
- A. Turkish control of Lebanon.
 - B. an independent state of Israel.
 - C. a Jewish homeland in Palestine.
 - D. the transfer of the Suez Canal to Egypt.

Use the following information to answer question 8.



8. Which of the following conclusions can be drawn from the graph above?
- A. Unemployment in Germany declined after 1932.
 - B. The rise of the Nazi Party caused unemployment in Germany.
 - C. Fear of communism weakened democracy in the Weimer Republic.
 - D. The Nazi Party gained seats as unemployment increased in Germany.

-
9. Hitler differed from Stalin because Hitler
- A. purged his party of political rivals.
 - B. used the secret police against opponents.
 - C. depended on the support of trade unions.
 - D. turned a democratic state into a dictatorship.

Use the following map to answer question 10.



10. Which country was **least** affected by the Great Depression?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

Use the following information to answer question 11.

**U.S. Federal Government spending
(billions of dollars)**

1932	4.7
1934	6.7
1936	8.5

11. The increases in spending can be explained by the
- A. European repayment of war loans to the U.S.
 - B. revival of the Wall Street stock market after 1929.
 - C. expansion of social programs during the New Deal.
 - D. U.S. rearmament program in preparation for the Second World War.
-
12. ~~Totalitarian states differ from democratic states in that totalitarian states have~~
- ~~A. single party rule.~~
 - ~~B. charismatic leaders.~~
 - ~~C. strong military forces.~~
 - ~~D. state control of the press.~~
13. U.S. attempts to solve the problems of the Great Depression led to an increase in all of the following **except**
- A. presidential power.
 - B. civil rights for all Americans.
 - C. regulation of the banking industry.
 - D. government intervention in the economy.

Use the following quotation to answer question 14.

I do not think that in those early days of September, Hitler was fully aware that he had unleashed a world war.

Albert Speer, *Inside the Third Reich*

14. The quotation above refers to Hitler's
- A. attack on Poland.
 - B. occupation of Austria.
 - C. invasion of Czechoslovakia.
 - D. conquest of Western Europe.
-

15. Roosevelt's pledge to make the U.S.A. the "Arsenal of Democracy" for the Allied cause was fulfilled by the
- A. Neutrality Acts.
 - B. Lend-Lease Act.
 - C. Atlantic Charter.
 - D. National Recovery Administration.

Use the following quotation to answer question 16.

The sooner we smash Russia the better. Germany will then be master of Europe and the Balkans.

Adolf Hitler

16. Germany attempted to achieve the goal mentioned above when it launched Operation
- A. Torch.
 - B. Dynamo.
 - C. Sea Lion.
 - D. Barbarossa.

17. Which of Stalin's policies was adopted by his Western Allies during the Second World War?
- A. censorship of the media
 - B. abolition of private property
 - C. collectivization of agriculture
 - D. elimination of political opponents
18. Which of the following is an **accurate** statement about the "Final Solution"?
- A. It was aimed primarily at Communists.
 - B. It followed immediately after Kristallnacht.
 - C. It stopped when Germany began to lose the war.
 - D. It intensified following the invasion of the Soviet Union.
19. At the end of the Second World War, Britain was
- A. ruined financially by the cost of the war.
 - B. given control of German overseas colonies.
 - C. given nuclear weapons by the United States.
 - D. determined to make Germany pay reparations for the war.
- ~~20. By 1946, at the end of the Second World War, Britain was convinced that India~~
- ~~A. was not capable of governing itself.~~
 - ~~B. should be granted limited home rule.~~
 - ~~C. should be partitioned along religious lines.~~
 - ~~D. could not be a member of the British Commonwealth.~~
21. Supporters of McCarthyism would have agreed that
- A. U.S. fear of communist expansion was unjustified.
 - B. nations should be required to eliminate nuclear armaments.
 - C. Marshall Aid should be made available to all European countries.
 - D. traitors in the U.S. government had aided the victory of the Chinese Communists.

Use the following information to answer question 22.

- NATO
- SEATO
- CENTO

22. A common feature of these organizations is that they are all
- A. military alliances to protect European countries.
 - B. military alliances aimed at containing communism.
 - C. aid organizations assisting less-developed countries.
 - D. organizations aimed at stopping the spread of nuclear weapons.
-
23. At Dien Bien Phu in 1954 Vietnamese nationalists were victorious over the
- A. British.
 - B. French.
 - C. Japanese.
 - D. Americans.
24. In the U.S.A., literacy tests and the poll tax were designed to deny the vote to
- A. Jews.
 - B. blacks.
 - C. women.
 - D. immigrants.
25. While developing a nuclear arsenal the Soviet economy was unable to
- A. produce large conventional forces.
 - B. maintain technical education standards.
 - C. compete with the U.S.A. in the space race.
 - D. match western production of consumer goods.

Use the following quotation to answer question 26.

The East German government decided to prevent their people escaping from their “workers’ paradise.”

John Terrain, British historian

26. To protect the “workers’ paradise” the East German government
- A. applied for membership in the Warsaw Pact.
 - B. constructed a wall separating East Berlin and West Berlin.
 - C. expelled to the West anyone assisting people who wished to escape.
 - D. blockaded road and rail links connecting West Berlin to West Germany.
-

Use the following quotation to answer question 27.

The Government has maintained...surveillance of the Soviet military build-up on the island of Cuba. Unmistakable evidence has established the fact that offensive missile sites are in preparation. The 1930s taught us that aggressive conduct if allowed to go unchecked leads to war.

President Kennedy (1962)

27. President Kennedy checked this “aggressive conduct” by
- A. imposing a blockade on Cuba.
 - B. attacking the Soviet missile sites.
 - C. launching the Bay of Pigs invasion.
 - D. demanding a UN peace keeping force.
-

28. In 1964 the U.S. Congress gave Johnson power to escalate the war in Vietnam by
- A. declaring war on North Vietnam.
 - B. ratifying the South East Asia Treaty.
 - C. passing the Gulf of Tonkin Resolution.
 - D. approving the sending of military advisers to Vietnam.

29. Which of the following was a feature of the Great Society program of the 1960s?
- A. the Wagner Act
 - B. the Civil Rights Act
 - C. segregation in the U.S. military
 - D. outlawing groups such as the KKK
30. The aim of Nixon's policy of Vietnamization was to
- A. distract U.S. public opinion from the Watergate scandal.
 - B. transfer the conduct of the war to the South Vietnamese government.
 - C. prepare for the reunification of North and South Vietnam through elections.
 - D. encourage the Vietcong to cooperate with the government of South Vietnam.
31. Which of the following events did **not** represent the spirit of détente?
- A. the Brezhnev Doctrine
 - B. Nixon's visit to Moscow
 - C. the admission of Communist China to the UN
 - D. the Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty (SALT I)
32. The countries which signed the Helsinki Accord agreed to
- A. respect the human rights of their citizens.
 - B. recognize Germany's right to become a unified country.
 - C. allow complete freedom of travel between European states.
 - D. support greater cooperation between NATO and the Warsaw Pact.
33. Which of the following resulted from the signing of the Camp David Agreement?
- A. U.S. President Carter was re-elected.
 - B. Egypt agreed to withdraw from the Sinai peninsula.
 - C. Israel recognized the existence of a Palestinian state.
 - D. Egyptian President Sadat recognized Israel's right to exist.

34. The Soviet experience in Afghanistan demonstrated the
- A. inability of rebel forces to defeat a superpower.
 - B. effectiveness of the UN in preventing aggression.
 - C. power of guerrilla warfare to resist foreign control.
 - D. ability of superpower technology to defeat opponents.
35. Which of the following programs was introduced by Gorbachev to deal with the worsening economic situation in the U.S.S.R.?
- A. glasnost
 - B. perestroika
 - C. free enterprise
 - D. peaceful co-existence
36. One result of the establishment of special economic zones in China was
- A. communist party control over prices and wages.
 - B. completion of the Five-Year Plan in agriculture.
 - C. increased foreign investment in the Chinese economy.
 - D. cooperation of the Red Guards in industrial production.
37. Which of the following was **not** a problem faced by the Soviet Union following the fall of the Berlin Wall?
- A. political instability
 - B. economic weakness
 - C. nationalist uprisings
 - D. hostility from the West

Use the following cartoon to answer question 38.



Jim Borgman, originally in the *Cincinnati Enquirer* (1990)
Reprinted with special permission of King Features Syndicate

38. The dominos in the cartoon represent
- A. communist governments in Eastern Europe.
 - B. countries falling one by one to communism.
 - C. leaders of ethnic minorities who support Gorbachev.
 - D. Western European governments putting pressure on Gorbachev.
-
39. In which two countries did women serve as heads of government in the twentieth century?
- A. Japan and India
 - B. Israel and Britain
 - C. Egypt and Pakistan
 - D. India and South Korea

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Use the following table to answer question 40.

- | |
|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Soviet military coup failed.2. Gorbachev became leader of the U.S.S.R.3. The Iron Curtain collapsed.4. Increased openness and freedom permitted in the U.S.S.R. |
|---|

40. What is the correct chronological order for the events listed above?

- A. 2, 3, 1, 4
- B. 2, 4, 3, 1
- C. 3, 2, 4, 1
- D. 4, 2, 1, 3

<p>This is the end of the multiple-choice section. Answer the remaining questions directly in this examination booklet.</p>

PART B: WRITTEN RESPONSE

Value: 21 marks

Suggested Time: 36 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Read the written response questions on page 17.
- Select **one** question from SECTION 1 and respond to **all parts** of that question on the appropriate page.

AND

- Select **one** question from SECTION 2 and respond to **all parts** of that question on the appropriate page.

AND

- Select **one** question from SECTION 3 and respond to **all parts** of that question on the appropriate page.

Note: Only the three written responses satisfying the selection criteria above will be marked.

SECTION 1

Question 1: Respond to Question 1 on page 19.

Describe the political and economic developments in Germany between 1919 and 1923 which resulted from the Treaty of Versailles. **(7 marks)**

OR

Question 2: Respond to Question 2 on page 19.

Describe the political and economic developments in the U.S.A. during the 1920s. **(7 marks)**

SECTION 2

Question 3: Respond to Question 3 on page 20.

Explain how the civilian population of Britain was affected by the Second World War. **(7 marks)**

OR

Question 4: Respond to Question 4 on page 20.

Explain the causes of the Korean War and how it became a full-scale Cold War conflict. **(7 marks)**

SECTION 3

Question 5: Respond to Question 5 on page 21.

Explain how the South African government established and maintained white rule in South Africa after 1945. **(7 marks)**

OR

Question 6: Respond to Question 6 on page 21.

Explain the role of oil in Middle Eastern conflicts between 1973 and 1991. **(7 marks)**

OVER

Organization and Planning

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PART C: EVIDENCE QUESTION

Value: 14 marks

Suggested Time: 24 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS: Use **Documents 1 to 7**, on pages 24 and 25, to answer **all parts** of written-response question 7. Answer in **ink**.

YOU MAY DETACH PAGES 23 AND 25 FOR CONVENIENT REFERENCE.

EXERCISE CARE WHEN TEARING ALONG PERFORATIONS.

OVER

APPEASEMENT

DOCUMENT 1

...in accordance with the fundamental right of a nation to secure its frontiers and ensure its possibilities of defence, the German Government has today restored the full and unrestricted sovereignty of Germany in the demilitarized zone of the Rhineland.

Hitler, Speech to the Reichstag (March 7, 1936)

DOCUMENT 2

The peace of Europe must depend on the attitude of the four major powers — Germany, Italy, France and ourselves. We are linked to France by common ideals of democracy. On the other side we see Italy and Germany linked. Are we to allow these two pairs of nations to go on glowering at one another until the conflict begins which many think would mark the end of civilization? Or can we bring them to an understanding of one another's aims and to a final settlement? If we can bring these four nations into friendly discussion, into a settling of their differences, we shall have saved the peace of Europe for a generation.

Chamberlain, Speech to the House of Commons (February 1938)

DOCUMENT 3

Military Strength	January 1938	August 1939
German and Italian Divisions	154	300
French and British Divisions	65	90
German and Italian aircraft	3 120	5 740
French and British aircraft	2 200	2 980

DOCUMENT 4

I am speaking of Czechoslovakia. Among the nationalities being suppressed in this state there are 3 500 000 Germans, [who] were robbed in the name of a certain Mr. Wilson of their right to self-determination. If the democracies...protect the oppressors of the Germans then this will have grave consequences.

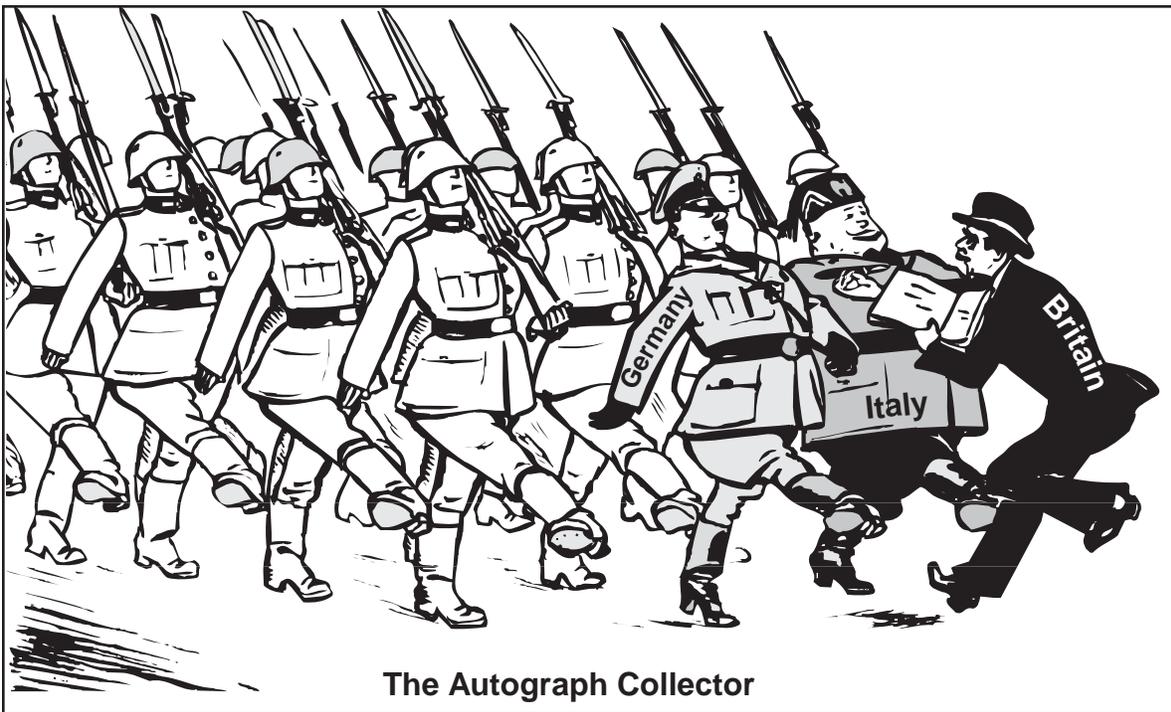
Hitler, Speech at Nuremberg Rally (September 12, 1938)

DOCUMENT 5

How horrible, fantastic, incredible it is that we should be digging trenches and trying on gas masks here because of a quarrel in a faraway country between people of whom we know nothing. Hitler feels that he must champion the other Germans. He told me privately and last night he repeated publicly, that after this Sudeten German question is settled, that is the end of Germany's territorial claims in Europe.

Chamberlain's broadcast on the Czech Crisis (September 27, 1938)

DOCUMENT 6



The Autograph Collector

Low, *Evening Standard* (1938)

DOCUMENT 7

And do not suppose that this is the end. This is only the beginning of the reckoning, this is only the first sip, the first foretaste of a bitter cup which will be offered to us year by year unless by a supreme recovery of moral health and military vigour, we arise again and take our stand for freedom, as in the olden time.

Churchill, Speech on the Munich Agreement (October 1938)

OVER

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Question 7:

Respond to a), b), c) and d) of this question.

- a) Assess the reliability of Document 4 as a source of evidence about the Czechoslovakian Crisis.

(2 marks)

- b) How does Document 5 explain why Chamberlain accepted the Munich Agreement?

(2 marks)

- c) Explain how Documents 3 and 6 corroborate the statements made by Churchill in Document 7.

(3 marks)

PART D: ESSAY

Value: 15 marks

Suggested Time: 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS: Choose **Topic 1** or **Topic 2**. Write a well-constructed essay in **ink** in the space provided.

A **good** answer **must**

- develop a thesis, and
- use examples from throughout the history of the period 1917 to 1991.

Question 8:

TOPIC 1

Protest groups were successful in bringing about change during the twentieth century.

Evaluate this statement using examples from the history of the period 1917–1991.

OR

TOPIC 2

A country's military success is directly related to its level of industrial technology.

Evaluate this statement using examples from the history of the period 1917–1991.

Organization and Planning

